

Pabrai Wagons Fund

Retail Class Shares (WAGNX) Institutional Class Shares (WGNIX)

(the "Fund")

a series of Professionally Managed Portfolios (the "Trust")

Supplement dated January 19, 2024 to the Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), each dated September 29, 2023, as supplemented

Effective immediately, the office location of Dhandho Funds LLC (the "Advisor") has moved from 1250 S. Capital of Texas Highway, Austin, Texas 78746 to the following new address:

Dhandho Funds LLC 4407 Bee Cave Road, Suite 513 West Lake Hills, Texas 78746-6496

All references to the Advisor's address disclosed in the Fund's Prospectus and SAI are revised to the new address above. Please adjust your records accordingly.

* * * * *

Please retain this supplement with your Prospectus and SAI for future reference.



Pabrai Wagons Fund

Retail Class Shares (WAGNX) Institutional Class Shares (WGNIX)

(the "Fund")

a series of Professionally Managed Portfolios (the "Trust")

Supplement dated January 4, 2024 to the Statutory Prospectus ("Prospectus") dated September 29, 2023

On December 29, 2023, the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of the Trust approved an amendment to the operating expense limitation agreement between the Trust, on behalf of the Fund and Dhandho Funds LLC (the "Advisor"), pursuant to which the Advisor has agreed to reduce the Fund's operating expense limit from 1.14% to 0.90%, effective January 1, 2024. Prior to January 1, 2024, the Fund's operating expense limit was 1.14%.

The following disclosures are hereby revised to reflect the changes to the fees and expenses of the Fund:

The following replaces the fees and expenses table on page 2 of the Prospectus:

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and expense example below. Institutional Shares may also be available on certain brokerage platforms. An investor transacting in Institutional Shares through a broker acting as an agent for the investor may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.

Shareholder Fees

| (fees paid directly from your investment) | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|
| Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed less than 90 days from purchase) | 1.00% | 1.00% |
| Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your</i> | Retail | Institutional |
| investment) | Class | Class |
| Management Fees | 0.90% | 0.90% |
| Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees | 0.25% | None |
| Other Expenses ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | | |
| Shareholder Servicing Fee | 0.10% | 0.10% |
| Other Expenses | 0.66% | 0.66% |
| Total Other Expenses | 0.76% | 0.76% |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses | 1.91% | 1.66% |
| Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement ⁽³⁾ | -0.66% | -0.66% |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement | 1.25% | 1.00% |

⁽¹⁾ Other Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

⁽²⁾ Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are indirect fees and expenses that the Fund incurs from investing in the shares of other investment companies, including money market funds and other mutual funds, closed end funds, business development companies or certain exchange-traded funds.

⁽³⁾ Effective January 1, 2024, the Advisor has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or pay Fund expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, interest expense in connection with investment activities, taxes, extraordinary expenses, shareholder servicing fees and any other class specific expenses) in order to limit Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Reduction and/or Expense Reimbursement to 0.90% of the Fund's average daily net assets (the "Expense Cap"). Prior to January 1, 2024, the Fund's Expense Cap was 1.14%. The Expense Cap is indefinite, but will remain in effect until at least October 31, 2025 and may be terminated at any time by the Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board") upon 60 days' notice to the Advisor, or by the Advisor with consent of the Board. The Advisor is permitted, with Board approval, to be reimbursed for fee reductions and/or expense payments made in the prior three years from the date the fees were waived and/or expenses were paid. This reimbursement may be requested if the aggregate amount actually paid by the Fund toward operating expenses for such period (taking into account any reimbursement) does not exceed the lesser of the Expense Cap in place at the time of waiver or at the time of reimbursement.

The following replaces the expense example on page 2 of the Prospectus:

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that the example reflects the fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement through October 31, 2025). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

| | One Year | Three Years |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|
| Retail Class | \$127 | \$480 |
| Institutional Class | \$102 | \$402 |

The following paragraph replaces the second paragraph under the heading "Management of the Fund" on page 18 of the Prospectus:

The Advisor has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or pay expenses of the Fund to ensure that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Reduction and/or Expense Reimbursement (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, interest expense in connection with investment activities, taxes, extraordinary expenses, shareholder servicing fees and any other class specific expenses) will not exceed 0.90% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. Prior to January 1, 2024, the Fund's Expense Cap was 1.14%. Any reduction in advisory fees or payment of expenses made by the Advisor is subject to reimbursement by the Fund if requested by the Advisor and the Board approves such reimbursement in subsequent years. The Advisor may be reimbursed for fee reductions and/or expense payments made in the prior three years from the date the fees were waived and/or expenses paid. The Advisor may request reimbursement if the aggregate amount actually paid by the Fund towards operating expenses for such period (taking into account the reimbursement) does not exceed the lesser of the Expense Cap in place at the time of waiver or at the time of reimbursement of fees and/or expenses. The current Expense Cap is in place indefinitely, but at a minimum through October 31, 2025. The Expense Cap agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board of Trustees upon 60 days' notice to the Advisor, or by the Advisor with the consent of the Board.

* * * * *

Please retain this supplement with your Prospectus for future reference.



Pabrai Wagons Fund

Retail Class Shares (WAGNX) Institutional Class Shares (WGNIX)

PROSPECTUS

September 29, 2023

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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SUMMARY SECTION

Investment Objective

The Pabrai Wagons Fund (the "Fund") seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and expense example below. Institutional Shares may also be available on certain brokerage platforms. An investor transacting in Institutional Shares through a broker acting as an agent for the investor may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.

Shareholder Fees

| (fees paid directly from your investment) | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|
| Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed less than 90 days from purchase) | 1.00% | 1.00% |
| Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
| Management Fees | 0.90% | 0.90% |
| Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees Other Expenses ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | 0.25% | None |
| Shareholder Servicing Fee | 0.10% | 0.10% |
| Other Expenses | 0.66% | 0.66% |
| Total Other Expenses | 0.76% | 0.76% |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses | 1.91% | 1.66% |
| Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement ⁽³⁾ | -0.42% | -0.42% |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement | 1.49% | 1.24% |

⁽¹⁾ Other Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

⁽²⁾ Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are indirect fees and expenses that the Fund incurs from investing in the shares of other investment companies, including money market funds and other mutual funds, closed end funds, business development companies or certain exchange-traded funds.

⁽³⁾ The Advisor has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or pay Fund expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, interest expense in connection with investment activities, taxes, extraordinary expenses, shareholder servicing fees and any other class specific expenses) in order to limit Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Reduction and/or Expense Reimbursement to 1.14% of the Fund's average daily net assets (the "Expense Cap"). The Expense Cap is indefinite, but will remain in effect until at least October 31, 2025 and may be terminated at any time by the Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board") upon 60 days' notice to the Advisor, or by the Advisor with consent of the Board. The Advisor is permitted, with Board approval, to be reimbursed for fee reductions and/or expense payments made in the prior three years from the date the fees were waived and/or expenses were paid. This reimbursement may be requested if the aggregate amount actually paid by the Fund toward operating expenses for such period (taking into account any reimbursement) does not exceed the lesser of the Expense Cap in place at the time of waiver or at the time of reimbursement.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that the example reflects the fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement through October 31,

2025). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

| | One Year | Three Years |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|
| Retail Class | \$152 | \$516 |
| Institutional Class | \$126 | \$439 |

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. The Fund's portfolio turnover rate for the Fund's last fiscal year is not provided because the Fund had not commenced operations prior to the date of this Prospectus.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund aims to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of the value of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. Equity securities that the Fund will invest in consists primarily of common stocks of companies of any size market capitalization. The Fund may invest in both growth and value companies. In selecting investments, the portfolio manager can also invest where it is deemed appropriate in companies having special situations and whose shares are out of favor, but appear to have prospects for above-average growth and recovery over an extended period of time. Such companies may include companies that are experiencing management changes, for instance. The Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in securities issued by foreign issuers, including in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), Exchange Traded Funds ("ETFs"), and directly in foreign equity securities. The Fund determines where a company is located, and thus, whether a company is considered to be located outside the United States by considering whether: (i) it is organized under the laws of or maintains its principal office in a country located outside the United States; (ii) its securities are principally traded on trading markets in countries located outside the United States; (iii) it derives at least 50% of its total revenue or profits from either goods produced or services performed or sales made in countries located outside the United States; or (iv) it has at least 50% of its assets in countries located outside the United States. The Fund's non-U.S. investments may include equity securities issued by companies that are established or operating in emerging market countries and up to 100% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities of companies located in emerging markets. The Advisor considers emerging markets to be those countries included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index or classified by World Bank, the International Finance Corporation, and the United Nations (and its agencies). These countries are typically located in Central and Eastern Europe, Africa, the Middle East, Asia and Central and South America. The Fund may also invest in pre-emerging markets, also known as frontier markets.

The Fund may also invest in preferred stocks, and other equity-like instruments, such as partnership interests, limited liability company interests, business trust shares and rights, Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs"), and other securities that are convertible into equity securities. The Fund may also invest in unregistered ("Rule 144A") securities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. The Fund may, from time to time, have significant exposure to one or more sectors of the market.

Although the Fund normally holds a focused portfolio of equity securities, the Fund is not required to be fully invested in such securities and may maintain a significant portion of its total assets in cash and securities generally considered to be cash equivalents. In certain market conditions, the Advisor may determine that it is appropriate for the Fund to hold a significant cash position for an extended period of time.

The investment philosophy of Dhandho Funds LLC (the "Advisor") is rooted in the belief that exceptional investment performance is usually the product of only a few great investments held for a very long time; the key is to not only find the great investments, but also not sell them. The Fund will seek to buy high-quality businesses when they are available at a meaningful discount to their underlying intrinsic value. "High-quality" is defined as those businesses that have a proven, repeated ability to reinvest capital at high rates and are run by exceptional people. The Fund will be opportunistic and will be open to acquiring businesses in many different geographies. Once the Advisor acquires these businesses, it will endeavor to hold and allow them to compound for the long-run. Reminiscent of the defensive maneuver of American pioneers in the 1800s, the Fund will "circle the wagons" around its highest conviction holdings, which it believes will have the highest potential for investment returns. If the Fund needs to sell securities to meet cash needs, it will generally avoid selling these high conviction securities first. The Fund is non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in fewer issuers than diversified mutual funds.

The Advisor may sell a security for a variety of reasons, including, without limitation, when: (1) a security subsequently fails to meet the Advisor's initial investment criteria; (2) an issuer specific event, such as an acquisition or recapitalization, changes the fundamental operations of the company; (3) upon comparative analysis, a new security is judged to be more attractive than a current holding; (4) views change of the individual holdings as well as the general market; or (5) something changes for the worse in the business model, management or governance, or future opportunity for reinvestment.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

As with all mutual funds, there is the risk that you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund. The following risks are considered principal to the Fund and could affect the value of your investment:

- Equity Securities Risk Equity Securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations which may result in volatile increases and decreases in value. The price of equity securities fluctuates based on changes in a company's financial condition and overall market and economic conditions. These fluctuations may cause a security to be worth less than its cost when originally purchased or less than it was worth at an earlier time.
- Foreign Securities Investing in foreign securities may involve increased risks including political and economic risks, greater volatility, currency fluctuations, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment, and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets.
- Risk of Focusing Investment on Region or Country Investing a significant portion of assets in one country or region makes the Fund more dependent upon the political and economic circumstances of that particular country or region.
 - India Investment Risk In addition to the general risks applicable to emerging market securities, there are special risks associated with investments in Indian issuers, including exposure to currency fluctuations, less liquidity, expropriation, confiscatory taxation, and exchange control regulations (including currency blockage). Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation and interest rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economy and securities markets of India. A high proportion of the securities of many Indian issuers are held by a limited number of persons or entities, which may limit the number of shares available for investment by the Fund. Also, a limited number of issuers represent a disproportionately large percentage of market capitalization and trading value in India.
 - Turkey Investment Risk The Turkish economy is heavily dependent on relationships with certain key trading partners, including European Union countries, China and Russia. The Turkish economy has certain significant economic weaknesses, such as its relatively

high current account deficit and currency volatility. Turkey has historically experienced acts of terrorism and strained relations related to border disputes with certain neighboring countries. The continuation of the conflict on the Turkish-Syrian border, for example, could have an adverse impact on the Turkish economy. Turkey may be subject to considerable degrees of social and political instability. Unanticipated or sudden political or social developments may cause uncertainty in the Turkish stock market and as a result adversely affect issuers to which the Fund has exposure.

- Eurozone Investment Risk The Economic and Monetary Union of the European Union (EMU) is comprised of the European Union (EU) members that have adopted the euro currency. By adopting the euro as its currency, a member state relinquishes control of its own monetary policies and is subject to fiscal and monetary controls. EMU members could voluntarily abandon or be forced out of the euro. Such events could impact the market values of Eurozone and various other securities and currencies, cause redenomination of certain securities into less valuable local currencies and create more volatile and illiquid markets. Certain countries and regions in the EU are experiencing significant financial difficulties. Some of these countries may be dependent on assistance from other European governments and institutions or agencies. One or more countries could depart from the EU, which could weaken the EU and, by extension, its remaining members. For example, the United Kingdom's departure, described in more detail below.
- United Kingdom Investment Risk Commonly known as "Brexit," the United Kingdom's exit from the EU may result in substantial volatility in foreign exchange markets and may lead to a sustained weakness in the British pound's exchange rate against the United States dollar, the euro and other currencies, which may impact fund returns. Brexit may destabilize some or all of the other EU member countries and/or the Eurozone. These developments could result in losses to the Fund, as there may be negative effects on the value of the International Fund's investments and/or on the Fund's ability to enter into certain transactions or value certain investments, and these developments may make it more difficult for the Fund to exit certain investments at an advantageous time or price.
- Asia Investment Risk Investments in countries in the Asian region will be impacted by о the market conditions, legislative or regulatory changes, competition, or political, economic and other developments in Asia. Investments in China may subject the Fund to certain additional risks, including exposure to currency fluctuations, less liquidity, expropriation, confiscatory taxation, nationalization, exchange control regulations (including currency blockage), trading halts, imposition of tariffs, limitations on repatriation and differing legal standards. Because a portion of the assets of the Fund may be invested in Japanese securities, the Fund's performance is expected to be impacted by the political, social and economic environment in Japan. Economic growth in Japan is heavily dependent on international trade, government support, and consistent government policy. Slowdowns in the economies of key trading partners such as the United States, China, and countries in Southeast Asia could have a negative impact on the Japanese economy as a whole. The Japanese economy has in the past been negatively affected by, among other factors, government intervention and protectionism and an unstable financial services sector.
- South Korea Investment Risk Investments in South Korean issuers may subject the Fund to legal, regulatory, political, currency, security, and economic risks that are specific to South Korea. In addition, economic and political developments of South Korea's neighbors may have an adverse effect on the South Korean economy.

- Emerging and Frontier Markets Risk Emerging markets may involve greater risk and volatility than more developed markets. Some emerging markets countries may have fixed or managed currencies that are not free-floating against the U.S. dollar. Certain of these currencies have experienced, and may experience in the future, substantial fluctuations or a steady devaluation relative to the U.S. dollar. Frontier market countries generally have smaller economies and even less developed capital markets than emerging markets. As a result, the risks of investing in emerging markets are magnified in frontier markets, and include potential for extreme price volatility and illiquidity; government ownership or control of parts of private sector and of certain companies; trade barriers, exchange controls, managed adjustments in relative currency values and other protectionist measures; and relatively new and unsettled securities laws.
- Large-Cap Investment Risk Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges like changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. In addition, large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.
- Management Risk The Fund may not meet its investment objective based on the Advisor's success or failure to implement investment strategies for the Fund.
- Mid-Cap and Small-Cap Investment Risk Securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies may possess comparatively greater price volatility and less liquidity than the securities of companies that have larger market capitalizations.
- Non-Diversification Risk The Fund is classified as non-diversified under the 1940 Act, which
 means the Fund may invest a larger percentage of its assets in the securities of a smaller number
 of issuers than a diversified fund. Investment in securities of a limited number of issuers may
 expose the Fund to greater market risk and potential losses than if its assets were diversified
 among the securities of a greater number of issuers.

The remaining principal risks are presented in alphabetical order. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

- Cash Position Risk To the extent that the Fund holds large positions in cash or cash equivalents, there is a risk of lower returns and potential lost opportunities to participate in market appreciation.
- Depositary Receipts Risk Depositary receipts are subject to many of the risks associated with investing directly in foreign securities, including, among other things: political, social, and economic developments abroad; currency movements; and different legal, regulatory, and tax environments.
- ETF Trading Risk To the extent the Fund invests in ETFs, it is subject to additional risks that do not apply to mutual funds, including the risk that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount to its net asset value ("NAV"), an active secondary trading market may not develop or be maintained, or trading may be halted by the exchange in which the ETFs trade, which may impact the Fund's ability to sell its shares of an ETF. Where all or portion of the ETF's underlying securities trade in a market that is closed when the market in which the ETF shares and listed in trading is open, there may be changes between the last quote and the closed foreign market and the value of such security during the ETF's domestic trading day.
- Foreign Currency Risk Currency movements may negatively impact value even when there is no change in value of the security in the issuer's home country. Currency management strategies may substantially change the Fund's exposure to currency exchange rates and could result in losses to the Fund if currencies do not perform as the Advisor expects.
- General Market Risk Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one

country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in the general financial markets, a particular financial market, or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including: inflation (or expectations for inflation); interest rates; global demand for particular products or resources; natural disasters or events; pandemic diseases; terrorism; regulatory events; and government controls. U.S. and international markets have experienced significant periods of volatility in recent years and months due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors which has resulted in a public health crisis, disruptions to business operations and supply chains, stress on the global health care system, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, staffing shortages and the inability to meet consumer demand, and widespread concern and uncertainty. The global recovery from COVID-19 is proceeding at slower than expected rates due to the emergence of variant strains and may last for an extended period of time. Continuing uncertainties regarding interest rates, rising inflation, political events, rising government debt in the U.S., and trade tensions also contribute to market volatility. As a result of continuing political tensions and armed conflicts, including the war between Ukraine and Russia, the U.S. and the European Union imposed sanctions on certain Russian individuals and companies, including certain financial institutions, and have limited certain exports and imports to and from Russia. The war has contributed to market volatility and may continue to do so.

- New Fund Risk The Fund is new with no operating history and there can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain an economically viable size.
- Private Placement Risk. The Fund may invest in privately issued securities of domestic common and preferred stock, convertible debt securities, ADRs and REITs, including those which may be resold only in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Privately issued securities are restricted securities that are not publicly traded. Delay or difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss to the Fund.
- Real Estate Investment Trusts Risk In addition to the risks facing real estate-related securities, such as a decline in property values due to increasing vacancies; a decline in rents resulting from unanticipated economic, legal, or technological developments; or a decline in the price of securities of real estate companies due to a failure of borrowers to pay their loans or poor management, investments in REITs involve unique risks. REITs may have limited financial resources, may trade less frequently and in limited volume, and may be more volatile than other securities.
- Sector Emphasis Risk From time to time, the Fund may invest 25% or more of its assets in one
 or more sectors subjecting the Fund to sector emphasis risk. This is the risk that the Fund is
 subject to a greater risk of loss as a result of adverse economic, business, or other developments
 affecting a specific sector that the Fund has a focused position in, than if its investments were
 diversified across a greater number of industry sectors. Some sectors possess particular risks that
 may not affect other sectors.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

Performance information for the Fund is not included because the Fund had not commenced operations prior to the date of this Prospectus. Performance information will be available once the Fund has at least one calendar year of performance. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website www.wagonsfund.com.

Management

| Investment Advisor | Portfolio Manager | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Dhandho Funds LLC | Mohnish Pabrai, Founder and CEO of the Advisor. | |
| | Has managed the Fund since inception (September 2023). | |

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Pabrai Wagons Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701), by wire transfer, by telephone at 1-800-501-1792, or through a financial intermediary. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown in the table below.

| | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Minimum Initial Investment | \$2,000 – Standard Accounts \$1,000 – Traditional and Roth IRAs \$250 – Accounts with Automatic Investment Plans | \$250,000 |
| Subsequent Minimum Investment | \$250 – All Accounts | \$25,000 |

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, AND RISKS

Investment Objective

The Fund's investment objective is to seek long-term capital appreciation. The Fund's investment objective is non-fundamental and may be changed without shareholder approval upon at least a 60-day written notice to shareholders. There is no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund aims to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of the value of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. Equity securities that the Fund will invest in consists primarily of common stocks of companies of any size market capitalization. The Fund may invest in both growth and value companies. In selecting investments, the portfolio manager can also invest where it is deemed appropriate in companies having special situations and whose shares are out of favor, but appear to have prospects for above-average growth and recovery over an extended period of time. Such companies may include companies that are experiencing management changes, for instance. The Fund may invest up to 100% of its total assets in securities issued by foreign issuers, including in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), Exchange Traded Funds ("ETFs"), and directly in foreign equity securities. The Fund determines where a company is located, and thus, whether a company is considered to be located outside the United States by considering whether: (i) it is organized under the laws of or maintains its principal office in a country located outside the United States; (ii) its securities are principally traded on trading markets in countries located outside the United States; (iii) it derives at least 50% of its total revenue or profits from either goods produced or services performed or sales made in countries located outside the United States; or (iv) it has at least 50% of its assets in countries located outside the United States. The Fund's non-U.S. investments may include equity securities issued by companies that are established or operating in emerging market countries and up to 100% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities of companies located in emerging markets. The Advisor considers emerging markets to be those countries included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index or classified by World Bank, the International Finance Corporation, and the United Nations (and its agencies). These countries are typically located in Central and Eastern Europe, Africa, the Middle East, Asia and Central and South America. The Fund may also invest in pre-emerging markets, also known as frontier markets.

The Fund may also invest in preferred stocks, and other equity-like instruments, such as partnership interests, limited liability company interests, business trust shares and rights, Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs"), and other securities that are convertible into equity securities. The Fund may also invest in unregistered ("Rule 144A") securities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. The Fund may, from time to time, have significant exposure to one or more sectors of the market.

Although the Fund normally holds a focused portfolio of equity securities, the Fund is not required to be fully invested in such securities and may maintain a significant portion of its total assets in cash and securities generally considered to be cash equivalents. In certain market conditions, the Advisor may determine that it is appropriate for the Fund to hold a significant cash position for an extended period of time.

The investment philosophy of Dhandho Funds LLC (the "Advisor") is rooted in the belief that exceptional investment performance is usually the product of only a few great investments held for a very long time; the key is to not only find the great investments, but also not sell them. The Fund will seek to buy high-quality businesses when they are available at a meaningful discount to their underlying intrinsic value. "High-quality" is defined as those businesses that have a proven, repeated ability to reinvest capital

at high rates and are run by exceptional people. The Fund will be opportunistic and will be open to acquiring businesses in many different geographies. Once the Advisor acquires these businesses, it will endeavor to hold and allow them to compound for the long-run. Reminiscent of the defensive maneuver of American pioneers in the 1800s, the Fund will "circle the wagons" around its highest conviction holdings, which it believes will have the highest potential for investment returns. If the Fund needs to sell securities to meet cash needs, it will generally avoid selling these high conviction securities first. The Fund is non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and may invest a larger percentage of its assets in fewer issuers than diversified mutual funds.

The Advisor may sell a security for a variety of reasons, including, without limitation, when: (1) a security subsequently fails to meet the Advisor's initial investment criteria; (2) an issuer specific event, such as an acquisition or recapitalization, changes the fundamental operations of the company; (3) upon comparative analysis, a new security is judged to be more attractive than a current holding; (4) views change of the individual holdings as well as the general market; or (5) something changes for the worse in the business model, management or governance, or future opportunity for reinvestment.

Typically, the Fund focuses on making long-term investments rather than engaging in short-term trading strategies. While the Fund's portfolio turnover will vary from year to year based upon market conditions and factors affecting the particular securities held in the portfolio, generally, it is anticipated that the Fund's portfolio turnover will not exceed 50% annually.

Cash Holdings and Temporary Defensive Positions. The Fund may from time to time hold a significant portion of its portfolio in cash or cash equivalent instruments. If market conditions reduce the availability of securities with acceptable valuations, the Fund may, for extended periods, hold larger than usual cash reserves until securities with acceptable valuations become available. During rising markets, holding larger than usual cash reserves may be detrimental to the Fund's performance. During declining markets, holding larger than usual cash reserves may allow the Fund to purchase securities at a discount. To the extent the assets of the Fund are invested in temporary defensive positions in response to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions, the Fund may not achieve its investment objective.

Principal Risks

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The value of your investment in the Fund will fluctuate with the prices of the securities in which the Fund invests. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are discussed in more detail below in order of relevance to the Fund:

Equity Securities Risk. Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value. Investor perceptions may impact the market and are based on various and unpredictable factors including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary, and fiscal policies; inflation and interest rates; economic expansion or contraction; and global or regional political, economic, and banking crises. If you hold common stocks of any given issuer, you would generally be exposed to greater risk than if you hold preferred stock or debt obligations of the issuer because common stockholders generally have inferior rights to receive payments from issuers in comparison with the rights of preferred stockholders, bondholders, and other creditors of such issuers. These fluctuations may cause a security to be worth less than its cost when originally purchased or less than it was worth at an earlier time.

Foreign Securities and ADR Risk. Investments in foreign securities and ADRs may involve more risks than U.S. investments. These additional risks may potentially include lower liquidity, greater price volatility, and risks related to adverse political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Foreign companies also may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including

potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. Amounts realized on sales of or distributions with respect to foreign securities may be subject to high and potentially confiscatory levels of foreign taxation and withholding when compared to comparable transactions in U.S. securities. Sanctions imposed by the U.S. or a foreign country may restrict the Fund's ability to purchase or sell foreign securities or may require the Fund to divest its holdings in foreign securities, which could adversely affect the value or liquidity of such holdings. The imposition of sanctions could also adversely affect global sectors and economies and thereby negatively affect the value of the Fund's investments beyond any direct exposure to the countries or regions subject to the sanctions. Investments in foreign securities involve exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Such fluctuations may reduce the value of the investment. Foreign investments are also subject to risks including potentially higher withholding and other taxes, higher costs of custody and trading, trade settlement, custodial, and other operational risks and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards in certain foreign markets. In addition, foreign markets can, and often do, perform differently than U.S. markets. Given the global interrelationships of today's economy, volatility, or threats to stability of any significant currency, such as occurred in the recent past with the European Monetary Union, or significant political instability, may affect other markets and affect the risk of an investment in the Fund. Changes in foreign tax laws, exchange controls, investment regulations, and policies on nationalization and expropriation, as well as political instability may affect the operations of foreign companies and the value of their securities.

Risk of Focusing Investment on Region or Country. Investing a significant portion of assets in one country or region makes the Fund more dependent upon the political and economic circumstances of that particular country or region.

- India Investment Risk India is an emerging market country and exhibits significantly greater market volatility from time to time in comparison to more developed markets. Political and legal uncertainty, greater government control over the economy, currency fluctuations or blockage, and the risk of nationalization or expropriation of assets may result in higher potential for losses. Moreover, governmental actions can have a significant effect on the economic conditions in India, which could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments. In November of 2016, the Indian government eliminated certain large denomination cash notes as legal tender, causing uncertainty in certain financial markets. The securities markets in India are comparatively underdeveloped, and stockbrokers and other intermediaries may not perform as well as their counterparts in the United States and other more developed securities markets. The limited liquidity of the Indian securities markets may also affect the Fund's ability to acquire or dispose of securities at the price and time that it desires. Global factors and foreign actions may inhibit the flow of foreign capital on which India is dependent to sustain its growth. In addition, the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") has imposed limits on foreign ownership of Indian securities, which may decrease the liquidity of the Fund's portfolio and result in extreme volatility in the prices of Indian securities. These factors, coupled with the lack of extensive accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and practices, as compared to the U.S., may increase the Fund's risk of loss. Further, certain Indian regulatory approvals, including approvals from the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), the RBI, the central government and the tax authorities (to the extent that tax benefits need to be utilized), may be required before the Fund can make investments in the securities of Indian companies. Capital gains from Indian securities may be subject to local taxation.
- Turkey Investment Risk The Turkish economy has certain significant economic weaknesses, such as its relatively high current account deficit, which it may finance by borrowing through volatile, short-term instruments. The Turkish lira has recently experienced and may continue to experience extreme currency volatility. With few of its own natural resources, the Turkish economy is import-dependent. Turkey's main import partners include Russia, Germany, China, the U.S. and Italy. The Turkish economy is dependent upon exports to other economies, specifically to Germany, other European Union countries, the U.S. and Iraq. As a result, Turkey

is dependent on these economies and any change in the price or demand for Turkish exports may have an adverse impact on the Turkish economy. Turkey has experienced strained relations with certain economic partners, including the U.S. and certain European Union countries over geopolitical matters. Any economic sanctions on Turkish individuals or Turkish corporate entities, or even the threat of sanctions, may result in the decline of the value and liquidity of Turkish securities, a weakening of the Turkish lira or other adverse consequences to the Turkish economy. Turkey has historically experienced acts of terrorism and strained relations related to border disputes with certain neighboring countries. The continuation of the conflict on the Turkish-Syrian border, for example, could have an adverse impact on the Turkish economy. Turkey has also experienced strained relations with other countries in the Middle East, including Saudi Arabia, due to geopolitical events. Historically, Turkey's national politics have been unpredictable and subject to influence by the military, and its government may be subject to sudden change. Disparities of wealth, the pace and success of democratization and capital market development and religious and racial disaffection have also led to social and political unrest. Unanticipated or sudden political or social developments may result in sudden and significant investment losses. Such situations may cause uncertainty in the Turkish market and as a result adversely affect issuers to which the Fund has exposure.

- Eurozone Investment Risk The Economic and Monetary Union of the European Union (EMU) is comprised of the European Union (EU) members that have adopted the euro currency. By adopting the euro as its currency, a member state relinquishes control of its own monetary policies and is subject to fiscal and monetary controls. EMU members could voluntarily abandon or be forced out of the euro. Such events could impact the market values of Eurozone and various other securities and currencies, cause redenomination of certain securities into less valuable local currencies and create more volatile and illiquid markets. As a result, European countries are significantly affected by fiscal and monetary controls implemented by the EMU. The euro currency may not fully reflect the strengths and weaknesses of the various economies that comprise the EMU and Europe generally. Certain countries and regions in the EU are experiencing significant financial difficulties. Some of these countries may be dependent on assistance from other European governments and institutions or agencies. Assistance may be dependent on a country's implementation of reforms or reaching a certain level of performance. Failure to reach those objectives or an insufficient level of assistance could result in an economic downturn that could significantly affect the value of investments in those and other European countries. One or more countries could depart from the EU, which could weaken the EU and, by extension, its remaining members. For example, the United Kingdom's departure, described in more detail below.
- United Kingdom Investment Risk Commonly known as "Brexit," the United Kingdom's exit from the EU may result in substantial volatility in foreign exchange markets and may lead to a sustained weakness in the British pound's exchange rate against the United States dollar, the euro and other currencies, which may impact fund returns. Brexit may destabilize some or all of the other EU member countries and/or the Eurozone. These developments could result in losses to the International Fund, as there may be negative effects on the value of the Fund's investments and/or on the Fund's ability to enter into certain transactions or value certain investments, and these developments may make it more difficult for the International Fund to exit certain investments at an advantageous time or price. Such events could results from, among other things, increased uncertainty and volatility in the United Kingdom, the EU and other financial markets; fluctuations in asset values; fluctuations in exchange rates; decreased liquidity of investments located, traded or listed within the United Kingdom, the EU or elsewhere; changes in the willingness or ability of financial and other counterparties to enter into transactions or the price and terms on which other counterparties are willing to transact; and/or changes in legal and regulatory regimes to which fund investments are or become subject

- Asia Investment Risk Investments in countries in the Asian region will be impacted by the market conditions, legislative or regulatory changes, competition, or political, economic and other developments in Asia. The Japanese economy has in the past been negatively affected at times by government intervention and protectionism, an unstable financial services sector, a heavy reliance on international trade, and natural disasters. Slowdowns in the economies of key trading partners such as the United States, China, and countries in Southeast Asia could have a negative impact on the Japanese economy as a whole. Some of these factors, as well as other adverse political developments, increases in government debt, and changes to fiscal, monetary, or trade policies, may negatively affect the Japanese markets and thus harm the Fund's performance. Investments in China may subject the Fund to certain additional risks, including exposure to currency fluctuations, less liquidity, expropriation, confiscatory taxation, nationalization, exchange control regulations (including currency blockage), trading halts, imposition of tariffs, limitations on repatriation and differing legal standards. Hong Kong is one of the most significant global financial centers. Since 1997, when Great Britain transferred control of Hong Kong to the Chinese mainland government, Hong Kong has been a special administrative district of China but is governed by a regulatory scheme called the "Basic Law" designed to preserve autonomy in most matters (excluding defense and foreign affairs) until 2047. China has contractually committed that it will not alter Hong Kong's autonomy before 2047. Currently, Hong Kong is undergoing a period of political and social unrest relating to extradition treaties proposed in 2019. If China were to exercise authority to impose changes in Hong Kong, Hong Kong's economy and shares of companies trading on Hong Kong's securities markets would be adversely affected.
- South Korea Investment Risk Investments in South Korean issuers involve risks that are specific to South Korea, including legal, regulatory, political, currency, security and economic risks. Substantial political tensions exist between North Korea and South Korea and recently these political tensions have escalated. The outbreak of hostilities between the two nations, or even the threat of an outbreak of hostilities, will likely adversely impact the South Korean economy. In addition, South Korea's economic growth potential has recently been on a decline, mainly because of a rapidly aging population and structural problems.

Emerging and Frontier Markets and Related Risk. Investments in emerging and frontier market countries may be subject to all of the risks of foreign investing generally and have additional heightened risks due to a less established legal, political, business and social frameworks to support securities markets. Emerging and frontier markets offer the prospect of higher returns with higher risk. The economies of emerging market countries have achieved a rudimentary level of development. Frontier market countries generally have smaller economies and even less developed capital markets than emerging markets. Emerging and frontier markets also carry several types of investment risk, including market, political and currency risk, as well as the risk of nationalization. Some of the additional significant risks include:

- Less social, political and economic stability;
- Unpredictable changes in national policies on foreign investment, including restrictions on investment in issuers or industries deemed sensitive to national interests;
- Less transparent and established taxation policies;
- Less developed regulatory or legal structures governing private and foreign investments or allowing for judicial redress for injury to private property;
- Less familiarity with a capital market structure or market-oriented economy and more widespread corruption and fraud;

- Inadequate, limited and untimely financial reporting as accounting standards and auditing requirements may not correspond with standards generally accepted in the international capital markets;
- Less financial sophistication, creditworthiness, and/or resources possessed by, and less government regulation of, the financial institutions and issuers with which the Fund transacts;
- Insolvency of local banking systems due to concentrated debtor risk, imprudent lending, the effect of inefficiency and fraud in bank transfers and other systemic risks;
- Less developed local banking infrastructure creating an inability to channel domestic savings to companies in need of finance which can therefore experience difficulty in obtaining working capital;
- Risk of government seizure of assets;
- Less government supervision and regulation of business and industry practices, stock exchanges, brokers and listed companies than in the United States;
- Greater concentration in a few industries resulting in greater vulnerability to regional and global trade conditions;
- Higher rates of inflation and more rapid and extreme fluctuations in inflation rates;
- Greater sensitivity to interest rate changes;
- Fraudulent activities of management;
- Increased volatility in currency exchange rates and potential for currency devaluations and/or currency controls;
- Greater debt burdens relative to the size of the economy;
- More delays in settling portfolio transactions and heightened risk of loss from shareholder registration and custody practices;
- Less assurance that favorable economic developments will not be slowed or reversed by unanticipated economic, political or social events in such countries;
- Trade embargoes, sanctions and other restrictions, which may, from time to time, be imposed by international bodies (for example, the United Nations) or sovereign states (for example, the United States) or their agencies on investments held or to be held by the Fund resulting in an investment or cash flows relating to an investment being frozen or otherwise suspended or restricted.

Because of the above factors, investments in emerging and frontier market countries are subject to greater price volatility and illiquidity than investments in developed markets.

Large-Cap Investment Risk. The stocks of larger companies may underperform relative to those of small and mid-sized companies. Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology and consumer tastes. Many larger companies may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.

Management Risk. Management risk describes the Fund's ability to meet its investment objective based on the Advisor's success or failure to implement investment strategies for the Fund. The value of your investment in the Fund is subject to the effectiveness of the Advisor's research, analysis, and asset allocation among portfolio securities. If the Advisor's investment strategies do not produce the expected results, your investment could be diminished or even lost.

Mid-Cap and Small-Cap Investment Risk. Investing in the securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies generally involves greater risk than investing in larger companies. This greater risk is, in part, attributable to the fact that the securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies usually have more limited marketability. Because mid-cap and small-cap companies have fewer shares outstanding than larger companies, it also may be more difficult to buy or sell significant amounts of such shares without an unfavorable impact on prevailing prices. Additionally, securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies are typically subject to greater changes in earnings and business prospects than are larger companies and typically there is less publicly available information concerning mid-cap and small-cap companies than for larger companies. Although investing in securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies offers potential above-average returns if the companies are successful, there is a risk that the companies will not succeed and the prices of the companies' shares could significantly decline in value. Securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies, especially those whose business involves emerging products or concepts, may be more volatile due to their limited product lines, markets, or financial resources and may lack management depth. Securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies also may be more volatile than larger companies or the market averages in general because of their general susceptibility to economic downturns, especially in the financial services group of industries where changes in interest rates and demand for financial services are so closely tied to the economy.

Non-Diversification Risk. The Fund is a non-diversified mutual fund and, as such, its investments are not required to meet certain diversification requirements under federal securities law. The Fund is permitted to invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer than a diversified fund. Thus, the Fund may have fewer holdings than other funds. As a result, a decline in the value of those investments would cause the Fund's overall value to decline to a greater degree than if the Fund held a more diversified portfolio. The Fund is still subject to certain diversification requirements for federal income tax purposes, which are less rigorous than the diversification requirements under federal securities law. See "Taxation" in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for more information.

The remaining risks are considered "principal risks" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which they appear.

Cash Position Risk. To the extent that the Fund holds large positions in cash or cash equivalents, there is a risk of lower returns and potential lost opportunities to participate in market appreciation.

Depositary Receipts Risk. Depositary receipts involve substantially identical risks to those associated with direct investment in securities of foreign issuers. In addition, the underlying issuers of certain depositary receipts, particularly unsponsored or unregistered depositary receipts, are under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications to the holders of such receipts or to pass through to them any voting rights with respect to the deposited securities.

Foreign Currency Risk. Since the Fund may invest in securities denominated or quoted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, the Fund may be affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates (and exchange control regulations) which affect the value of investments in the Fund and the accrued income and appreciation or depreciation of the investments. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates relative to the U.S. dollar will affect the U.S. dollar value of the Fund's assets denominated in that currency and the Fund's returns on such assets as well as any temporary uninvested reserves in bank deposits in foreign currencies. In addition, the Fund will incur costs in connection with conversions between various currencies. Currency rates in foreign countries may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time for a

number of reasons, including, but not limited to, changes in interest rates, actions by central banks or supranational entities such as the International Monetary Fund or managed adjustments in relative currency values and other protectionist measures imposed by foreign countries.

General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in the general financial markets, a particular financial market, or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including: inflation (or expectations for inflation); interest rates; global demand for particular products or resources; natural disasters or events; pandemic diseases; terrorism; regulatory events; and government controls. U.S. and international markets have experienced significant periods of volatility in recent years and months due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors which has resulted in a public health crisis, disruptions to business operations and supply chains, stress on the global health care system, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, staffing shortages and the inability to meet consumer demand, and widespread concern and uncertainty. The global recovery from COVID-19 is proceeding at slower than expected rates due to the emergence of variant strains and may last for an extended period of time. Continuing uncertainties regarding interest rates, rising inflation, political events, rising government debt in the U.S., and trade tensions also contribute to market volatility. As a result of continuing political tensions and armed conflicts, including the war between Ukraine and Russia, the U.S. and the European Union imposed sanctions on certain Russian individuals and companies, including certain financial institutions, and have limited certain exports and imports to and from Russia. The war has contributed to market volatility and may continue to do so.

New Fund Risk. There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain an economically viable size, in which case the Board of Trustees may determine to liquidate the Fund. Liquidation of the Fund can be initiated without shareholder approval by the Board of Trustees if it determines that liquidation is in the best interest of shareholders. As a result, the timing of the Fund's liquidation may not be favorable.

Private Placement Risk. The Fund may invest in privately issued securities, including those which may be resold only in accordance with Rule 144A under the 1933 Act. Privately issued securities are restricted securities that are not publicly traded. Accordingly, the liquidity of the market for specific privately issued securities may vary. Delay or difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss to the Fund. Privately issued securities that are determined by the Advisor to be "illiquid" are subject to the Fund's policy of not investing more than 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities.

Real Estate Investment Trusts Risk. REITs are trusts that invest primarily in commercial real estate or real estate-related loans. By investing in REITs indirectly through the Fund, shareholders will not only bear the proportionate share of the expenses of the Fund, but will also indirectly bear similar expenses of the underlying REITs. The Fund may be subject to certain risks associated with the direct investments of the REITs, such as losses from casualty or condemnation, changes in local and general economic conditions, supply and demand, interest rates, zoning laws, regulatory limitations on rents, property taxes, and operating expenses in addition to terrorist attacks, war, or other acts that destroy real property. REITs may be affected by changes in the value of their underlying properties and by defaults by borrowers or tenants. Some REITs may have limited diversification and may be subject to risks inherent in financing a limited number of properties. REITs generally depend on their ability to generate cash flow to make distributions to shareholders or unit holders and may be subject to defaults by borrowers and to self-liquidations. In addition, a REIT may be affected by its failure to qualify for tax-free pass-through of income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), or its failure to maintain exemption from registration under the 1940 Act.

Sector Emphasis Risk. From time to time, the Fund may invest 25% or more of its assets in one or more sectors subjecting them to sector emphasis risk. This is the risk that the Fund is subject to greater risk of

loss as a result of adverse economic, business, or other developments affecting a specific sector the Fund has a focused position in, than if its investments were diversified across a greater number of industry sectors. Sectors possess particular risks that may not affect other sectors.

Who May Want to Invest In the Fund?

The Fund may be appropriate for investors who:

- Are pursuing a long-term goal such as retirement; and
- Have moderate risk tolerance.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS INFORMATION

A complete description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's SAI and on the Fund's website at www.wagonsfund.com.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

The Advisor

The Fund, a series of Professionally Managed Portfolios (the "Trust"), has entered into an investment advisory agreement (the "Advisory Agreement") with Dhandho Funds LLC, 1250 S. Capital of Texas Highway, Austin, Texas 78746, under which the Advisor manages the Fund's investments and business affairs subject to the supervision of the Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board"). The Advisor is an SEC-registered investment advisory firm formed in 2016. The Advisor is owned by Dhandho Holdings L.P. and Dhandho Holdings Qualified Purchaser L.P. (together "Dhandho Holdings"). Dhandho Holdings is managed and controlled by Dalal Street LLC ("Dalal Street"). The Advisor is under common control with Dalal Street and they are both controlled by Mohnish Pabrai. The Advisor provides investment management services to pooled investment vehicles, including private funds, and institutional separately managed accounts. As of August 31, 2023, Mohnish Pabrai managed approximately \$871 million in assets at the Advisor and Dalal Street. Under the Advisory Agreement, the Fund compensates the Advisor for its investment advisory services at the annual rate of 0.90% of the Fund's average daily net assets, payable on a monthly basis. Subject to the general supervision of the Board, the Advisor is responsible for managing the Fund in accordance with its investment objective and policies, and making decisions with respect to, and placing orders for, all purchases and sales of portfolio securities. The Advisor also maintains related records for the Fund. The Fund had not commenced operations prior to the date of this prospectus.

The Advisor has contractually agreed to reduce its fees and/or pay expenses of the Fund to ensure that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Reduction and/or Expense Reimbursement (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, interest expense in connection with investment activities, taxes, extraordinary expenses, shareholder servicing fees and any other class specific expenses) will not exceed 1.14% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. Any reduction in advisory fees or payment of expenses made by the Advisor is subject to reimbursement by the Fund if requested by the Advisor and the Board approves such reimbursement in subsequent years. The Advisor may be reimbursed for fee reductions and/or expenses paid. The Advisor may request reimbursement if the aggregate amount actually paid by the Fund towards operating expenses for such period (taking into account the reimbursement) does not exceed the lesser of the Expense Cap in place at the time of waiver or at the time of reimbursement. The Fund must pay its current ordinary operating expenses before the Advisor is entitled to any reimbursement of fees and/or expenses. The current Expense Cap is in place indefinitely, but at a minimum through October 31, 2025. The Expense Cap agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board of Trustees upon 60 days' notice to the Advisor, or by the Advisor with the consent of the Board.

A discussion summarizing the basis on which the Board approved the Investment Advisory Agreement between the Advisor and the Trust with respect to the Fund will be available in the Fund's first Semi-Annual or Annual Report to Shareholders.

Portfolio Manager

The Fund is managed by Mr. Mohnish Pabrai, who is responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolio of the Fund and for developing and executing the Fund's investment program. Mr. Pabrai has sole authority over all investment decisions of the Fund. The Fund's SAI provides additional information about the portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts managed, and ownership of shares of the Fund.

Mohnish Pabrai has served as Portfolio Manager of the Fund since Inception in September 2023. Mr. Pabrai is the CEO of Dhandho Funds, and Founder and Managing Partner of Pabrai Investment Funds and Dhandho Holdings. Across the various funds, Mohnish has over \$600 million in assets under

management, which has grown from \$1 million from 8 investors at inception in 1999. He is the Founder and Chairman of The Dakshana Foundation. He is the author of two books on value investing, The Dhandho Investor and Mosaic: Perspectives on Investing. Mr. Pabrai graduated from Clemson University with a Bachelor of Science, in Computer Engineering.

Fund Expenses

In addition to the advisory fees discussed above, the Fund incurs other expenses such as custodian, transfer agency, interest, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, and other customary Fund expenses. (Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are indirect fees that the Fund incurs from investing in the shares of other investment companies.)

Rule 12b-1 Fees, Shareholder Servicing Fees, and Other Payments

Distribution Plan. The Fund's Retail Class has adopted a Distribution Plan (the "Plan") pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the Plan, the Fund's Retail Class is authorized to pay the distributor a fee for the promotion and distribution of Fund shares and the provision of personal services to shareholders. The maximum amount of the fee authorized to be paid annually is 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets attributable to the Retail Class. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's shares and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

Shareholder Servicing Plan. The Fund has adopted a Shareholder Servicing Plan on behalf of each of the share classes. Under the Shareholder Servicing Plan, the Retail and Institutional Classes are authorized to pay an annual shareholder servicing fee of up to 0.10% of each class's average daily net assets or \$22 per account. This fee is used to finance certain activities related to servicing and maintaining shareholder accounts. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in the Fund's shares.

The Fund has policies and procedures in place for the monitoring of payments to broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries for distribution-related activities and the following non-distribution activities: sub-transfer agent, administrative, and other shareholder servicing services.

Other Payments to Financial Intermediaries. The Advisor or distributor, out of its own resources and without additional cost to the Fund or its shareholders, may provide additional cash payments or non-cash compensation to certain financial intermediaries and their agents that have made arrangements with the Fund and are authorized to accept orders for shares of the Fund (collectively, "Financial Intermediaries"). Such payments and compensation are in addition to the sales charges (including Rule 12b-1 fees) and shareholder servicing fees paid by the Fund. These additional cash payments are generally made to Financial Intermediaries that provide shareholder servicing, marketing support, and/or access to sales meetings, sales representatives, and management representatives of the Financial Intermediary. Cash compensation may also be paid to Financial Intermediaries for inclusion of the Fund on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, in other sales programs, or as an expense reimbursement in cases where the Financial Intermediary provides shareholder services to the Fund's shareholders. The Advisor or distributor may also pay cash compensation in the form of finder's fees that vary depending on the dollar amount of the shares sold.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Description of Classes

| The following table lists the key features of the Fund's Retail and Institutional. |
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| | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
|---|---|--|
| Minimum Initial Investment | \$2,000 – Standard Accounts \$1,000 – Traditional and Roth IRAs \$250 – Accounts with Automatic Investment Plans | \$250,000 |
| Subsequent Minimum Investment | \$250 – All Accounts | \$25,000 |
| Waiver/Reduction of Investment Minimums | None | Although not limited to the list below, the Advisor (or in certain cases, Trust Officers) may waive or reduce the initial or subsequent minimum investment amounts in any of following circumstances: Non-discretionary portfolio rebalancing associated with certain asset-allocation programs managed by fee-based investment advisors, certain wrap accounts and certain retirement plans; Retirement, defined benefit and pension plans with plan assets of at least \$25 million; Bank or Trust companies investing for their own accounts or acting in a fiduciary or similar capacity; Institutional clients of the Advisor; Trustees and Officers of the Trust; and Employees of the Advisor and its affiliates and their immediate families (i.e., parent, child, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, step or adopted relationships, grandparent, grandchild, and Uniform Gift, or Transfer to Minors Act accounts naming qualifying persons). |
| Fees | Redemption Fee of 1.00% if shares are redeemed less than 90 days from purchase (with some exceptions) 12b-1 fee of 0.25% Shareholder servicing fee of up to 0.10% or \$22 per account | Redemption Fee of 1.00% if shares are redeemed less than 90 days from purchase (with some exceptions) Shareholder servicing fee of up to 0.10% or \$22 per account |

| | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Conversion Feature | if investors currently holding Retail Class shares meet the criteria for eligible investors and would like to convert to Institutional Class shares, there are no tax consequences and investors are not subject to the redemption/ exchange fees. To inquire about converting your Retail Class shares | Investors who hold Institutional Class shares of the Fund through a fee-based program at a financial intermediary but who subsequently become ineligible to participate in the program, withdraw from the program, or change to a non-fee based program, may be subject to conversion of their Institutional Class shares by their financial intermediary to another class of shares of the Fund having expenses (including Rule 12b-1 fees) that may be higher than the expenses of the Institutional Class shares. Investors should contact their program provider to obtain information about their eligibility for the provider's program and the class of shares they would receive upon such a conversion. There are no tax consequences for such conversion and investors are not charged a redemption/exchange fee by the Fund. |

| | Retail Class | Institutional Class |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Eligible Investors | Includes: Individual accounts, Traditional and Roth IRA accounts, and Certain accounts maintained through financial intermediaries. | Designed for accounts of institutions maintained directly with the Fund's transfer agent, including: Financial institutions, Pension plans, Retirement accounts, Qualified plans, Corporations, trusts, estates, religious and charitable organizations, and Financial intermediaries that charge their customers transaction or other distribution or service fees with respect to their customers' investments in the Fund. |

Special Instructions for Institutional Class Shares

The Fund offers Institutional Class shares primarily for direct investment by investors such as pension and profit-sharing plans, employee benefit trusts, endowments, foundations, and corporations. Institutional Class shares may also be offered through Financial Intermediaries that charge their customers transaction or other distribution or service fees with respect to their customers' investments in the Fund. If you are purchasing shares through a Financial Intermediary, you must follow the procedures established by your Financial Intermediary. Your Financial Intermediary is responsible for sending your purchase order and wiring payment to the transfer agent. Your Financial Intermediaries placing orders for themselves or on behalf of their customers should call the Fund toll free at 1-800-501-1792, or follow the instructions under "Purchase By Mail," "Purchase By Telephone," and "Purchase By Wire."

As indicated in the table above, the minimum initial investment for Institutional Class shares may be waived or reduced by the Advisor at any time. In addition to the circumstances listed in the table, the Advisor may permit certain Financial Intermediaries to aggregate up to 10 customer accounts to accumulate the requisite \$250,000 initial investment minimum.

Pricing Fund Shares

Net Asset Value ("NAV"). Shares of the Fund are sold at their NAV. The Fund's NAV is determined by taking the market value of the Fund's total assets, subtracting the Fund's liabilities, and then dividing the result (net assets) by the number of the Fund's shares outstanding. The NAV takes into account the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management, administration, and other fees, which are accrued daily. The Fund's share price is normally calculated as of the close of regular trading (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for business.

All shareholder transaction orders received in good order (as described below under "How to Purchase Shares of the Fund") by U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services (the "Transfer Agent"), or an authorized Financial Intermediary by 4:00 p.m. Eastern time will be processed at that day's NAV. Transaction orders received after 4:00 p.m. Eastern time will receive the next day's NAV. The Fund's NAV, however, may be calculated earlier if trading on the NYSE is restricted or as permitted by the SEC. The Fund does not determine the NAV of its shares on any day when the NYSE is not open for trading, such as weekends and certain national holidays, as disclosed in the Fund's SAI (even if there is sufficient trading in its portfolio securities on such days to materially affect the NAV).

Fair Value Pricing. Occasionally, reliable market quotations are not readily available or there may be events affecting the value of foreign securities or other securities held by the Fund that occur when regular trading on a foreign exchange is closed, but before trading on the NYSE is closed (a "Significant Event"). The Board has designated the Advisor as its "valuation designee" under Rule 2a-5 of the 1940 Act, subject to its oversight. Fair value determinations are then made in good faith in accordance with procedures adopted by the Advisor. Generally, the fair value of a portfolio security or other assets shall be the amount that the owner of the security or asset might reasonably expect to receive upon its current sale. The net asset value of the Fund's shares may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares. To help determine whether a Significant Event has occurred with respect to securities traded principally in foreign markets for the Fund, a third party service provider has been engaged to systematically recommend the adjustment of closing market prices of non-U.S. securities based upon changes in a designated U.S. securities market index occurring from the time of the close of the relevant foreign market and the close of trading on the NYSE.

Attempts to determine the fair value of securities introduce an element of subjectivity to the pricing of securities. As a result, the price of a security determined through fair valuation techniques may differ from the price quoted or published by other sources. In the event that a fair value methodology is no longer required for a security that was formerly valued using a fair value methodology, the Advisor will compare the new valuation with the most recent value that resulted from applying the fair value methodology. If there is a material difference, the Advisor will consider whether modifications to the fair value methodology need to be made.

How to Purchase Shares of the Fund

Minimum Investments. To purchase shares of the Fund, you must make at least the minimum initial investment (or subsequent investment) as described in the section entitled "SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION - Description of Classes" in this Prospectus. The minimum investment requirements may be waived from time to time. Please note the following:

- Checks for all accounts, including individual, sole proprietorship, joint, Uniform Gifts to Minors Act ("UGMA"), or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act ("UTMA") accounts, the check must be made payable to "Pabrai Wagons Fund." A \$25 charge may be imposed on any returned payment. You will also be responsible for any losses suffered by the Fund as a result.
- ACH refers to the "Automated Clearing House" System maintained by the Federal Reserve Bank, which allows banks to process checks, transfer funds, and perform other tasks. Your financial institution may charge you a fee for this service.
- Wires instruct your financial institution with whom you have an account to make a Federal Funds wire payment to us. Your financial institution may charge you a fee for this service.

Purchase by Mail

For direct investments through the Transfer Agent, you should:

- Complete and sign the Account Application;
- To open an account, write a check payable to: "Pabrai Wagons Fund"; and

- Send your Account Application and check to one of the addresses listed below.
- For subsequent investments, detach the Invest by Mail form that is attached to the confirmation statement you will receive after each transaction and mail it with a check made payable to the Fund in the envelope provided with your statement or to one of the addresses noted below. Write your account number on the check. If you do not have the stub from your account statement, include your name, address, and account number on a separate piece of paper.
- Your order will not be accepted until the completed Account Application is received in good order by the Transfer Agent. "Good order" means your purchase request includes: (1) the name of the Fund, (2) the dollar amount of shares to be purchased, (3) your purchase application or investment stub, and (4) a check payable to "Pabrai Wagons Fund."

| For regular mail delivery: | For an overnight delivery: |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Pabrai Wagons Fund | Pabrai Wagons Fund |
| c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services | c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services |
| P.O. Box 701 | 615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor |
| Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701 | Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202-5207 |

The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent of the Fund. Receipt of purchase orders or redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices.

The Fund will not accept payment in cash or money orders. To prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, Treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks, or starter checks for the purchase of shares. All purchases must be made in U.S. dollars drawn on a bank located in the United States. The Fund is unable to accept post-dated checks or any conditional order or payment.

Additionally, shares of the Fund have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. The Fund generally does not sell shares to investors residing outside of the United States, even if they are United States citizens or lawful permanent residents, except to investors with United States military APO or FPO addresses.

Purchase by Wire

If you are making your first investment in the Fund, before you wire funds, please contact the Transfer Agent by phone to make arrangements with a telephone service representative to submit your completed Account Application via mail, overnight delivery, or facsimile. Upon receipt of your completed Account Application, your account will be established and a service representative will contact you to provide your new account number and wiring instructions. If you do not receive this information within one business day, you may call the Transfer Agent at 1-800-501-1792. Once your account has been established, you may instruct your bank to initiate the wire using the instructions you were given.

For either initial or subsequent investments, prior to sending the wire, please call the Transfer Agent at 1-800-501-1792 to advise of your wire to ensure proper credit upon receipt. Your bank must include the name of the Fund, your name, and account number so that your wire can be correctly applied.

Instruct your bank to send the wire to:

U.S. Bank N.A. 777 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 ABA #075000022 Credit: U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC Account #112-952-137 Further Credit: Pabrai Wagons Fund (Shareholder Name, Shareholder Account #) Your bank may impose a fee for investments by wire. Neither the Fund nor the Transfer Agent will be responsible for delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire systems or from incomplete wiring instructions. You will receive the NAV from the day that your wired funds have been received by the Fund or the Transfer Agent. Wired funds must be received prior to 4:00 p.m. Eastern time to be eligible for same day pricing. If you have questions about how to invest by wire, you may call the Fund at 1-800-501-1792.

Purchase by Telephone

If you accepted telephone options on the Account Application and your account has been open for at least 7 business days, you may purchase additional shares in the amount of \$250 or more from your bank account upon request by telephoning the Fund toll-free at 1-800-501-1792. Telephone orders will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your pre-designated bank account through the Automated Clearing House ("ACH") network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a purchase. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for telephone transactions. If your order is received prior to 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, shares will be purchased at the NAV next calculated. For security reasons, requests by telephone may be recorded.

Purchases Placed with Financial Intermediaries

You may buy shares of the Fund through Financial Intermediaries. Financial Intermediaries may have different investment minimum requirements than those outlined in this Prospectus. Additionally, Financial Intermediaries may aggregate several customer accounts to accumulate the requisite initial investment minimum. Please consult your Financial Intermediary for their account policies. Your order will be priced at the Fund's NAV next computed after it is received by a Financial Intermediary. A Financial Intermediary may hold your shares in an omnibus account in the Financial Intermediary's name and the Financial Intermediary may maintain your individual ownership records. The Fund may pay the Financial Intermediary for maintaining individual ownership records as well as providing other shareholder services. Financial Intermediaries may charge fees for the services they provide to you in connection with processing your transaction order or maintaining your account with them. Financial Intermediaries are responsible for placing your order correctly and promptly with the Fund, forwarding payment promptly, as well as ensuring that you receive copies of the Fund's Prospectus. If you transmit your order with these Financial Intermediaries before the close of regular trading (generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on a day that the NYSE is open for business, your order will be priced at the Fund's NAV next computed after it is received by the Financial Intermediary. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or, if applicable, a broker's authorized designee, receives the order. Investors should check with their Financial Intermediary to determine if it is subject to these arrangements.

Purchasing with an Automatic Investment Plan (Retail and Institutional Class Shareholders)

If you intend to use the Automatic Investment Plan ("AIP"), you may open your account with an initial minimum investment of \$250 in the Retail Class or \$250,000 in the Institutional Class. Once an account has been opened, you can make additional purchases of shares of the Fund through an AIP. The AIP provides a convenient method to have monies deducted directly from your bank account for investment into the Fund. You can make automatic monthly purchases of \$250 for Retail Class shares, or \$25,000 for Institutional Class shares, or more into the Fund. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for this option. If you wish to change the amount of your investment or to terminate the plan, please contact the Transfer Agent at least five days prior to the effective date. Additionally, the Transfer Agent will charge a \$25 fee for any payment returned. The Fund may alter, modify, or terminate the AIP at any time. To begin participating in the AIP, please complete the Automatic Investment Plan section found on the Account Application or contact the Fund at 1-800-501-1792 for instructions.

Retirement Plans (Retail Class Shareholders)

The Fund offers IRA plans. You may obtain information about opening an IRA by calling 1-800-501-1792. If you wish to open a Keogh, Section 403(b), or other retirement plan, please contact your Financial Intermediary.

How to Redeem (Sell) Shares of the Fund

How to Redeem Shares. If you redeem through a Financial Intermediary, the Financial Intermediary may charge you a transaction fee. If you purchased your shares by check or electronic funds transfer through the ACH network, you may not receive your redemption proceeds until your purchase amount has cleared, which may take up to 7 business days. This delay will not apply if you purchased your shares via wire payment. Redemptions will be processed only on a day during which the NYSE is open for business. You may receive the proceeds of redemption by check, wire, or via electronic funds transfer through the ACH network. Please note that certain fees may apply depending on the timing or manner in which you redeem shares. Requests to redeem shares are processed at the NAV next calculated after the Fund receives your request in good order.

Shareholders who have an IRA or other retirement plan must indicate on their written redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income tax. Redemption requests failing to indicate an election not to have tax withheld will generally be subject to a 10% withholding tax. Shares held in IRA accounts may be redeemed by telephone at 1-800-501-1792. Investors will be asked whether or not to withhold taxes from any distribution.

Redeem by Mail

To redeem by mail, please:

- Provide your name and account number;
- Specify the number of shares or dollar amount and the Fund name or number;
- Sign the redemption request (the signature must be exactly the same as the one on your account application). Make sure that all parties that are required by the account registration sign the request and any applicable signature guarantees are on the request; and
- Send your request to the appropriate address as given under purchasing by mail.

The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent of the Fund. Receipt of purchase orders or redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices.

Redeem by Telephone

You may redeem your shares of the Fund by telephone if you accepted telephone options on your account application. In order to arrange for the telephone redemption option after your account has been established, or to change the bank account or address designated to which redemption proceeds are sent, you must send the Transfer Agent a written request. The request must be signed by each shareholder of the account and may require a signature guarantee or a signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source. Telephone redemptions are limited to \$50,000. Redemption requests in excess of \$50,000 must be made in writing and require a signature(s) guarantee. To redeem by telephone, call the Transfer Agent at 1-800-501-1792 between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. Eastern time on a day the NYSE is open for business. Shares of the Fund will be sold in your account at the NAV determined on the day your order is placed prior to market close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time); any redemption requests made after market close will receive the Fund's next calculated NAV price.

For your protection against fraudulent telephone transactions, the Fund will use reasonable procedures to verify your identity. As long as the Fund follows these procedures, the Fund will not be liable for any loss

or cost to you if the Fund acts on instructions to redeem your account that the Fund reasonably believes to be authorized by you. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person. You will be notified if the Fund refuses telephonic redemption transactions. Once a telephone transaction is placed, it cannot be cancelled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time). Telephone trades must be received by or prior to market close for you to receive that day's NAV. During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waiting times. Please allow sufficient time to place your telephone transaction. Telephone redemptions may be difficult during periods of extreme market or economic conditions. If this is the case, please send your redemption request by mail or overnight courier.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan (Retail Class Shareholders)

If you own or are purchasing shares of the Fund having a current value of at least \$10,000, you may participate in a Systematic Withdrawal Plan ("SWP"). The SWP provides for automatic redemptions of at least \$100 on a monthly, quarterly, or annual basis. You may have the proceeds of the SWP sent by check to your address of record or by electronic funds transfer via the ACH network to the bank account designated by you on the Fund Account Application. You may establish the SWP by completing this section on the Account Application or by calling the Fund at 1-800-501-1792 for instructions. You may terminate or modify your participation in the SWP by calling the Transfer Agent at least five days prior to the next scheduled payment.

Redeem Through Your Financial Intermediary

You may sell shares of the Fund through your Financial Intermediary that has made arrangements with the Fund to sell its shares. When you place your order with such a Financial Intermediary, your order is treated as if you had placed it directly with the Transfer Agent, and you will pay or receive the NAV next calculated by the Fund. As stated above, the Financial Intermediary holds your shares in an omnibus account in the Financial Intermediary's name, and the Financial Intermediary maintains your individual ownership records. The Financial Intermediary may charge you a fee for handling your order. The Financial Intermediary is responsible for processing your order correctly and promptly, keeping you advised regarding the status of your individual account, confirming your transactions, and ensuring that you receive copies of the Fund's Prospectus.

Account and Transaction Policies

Redemption Fee. The Fund is intended for long-term investors. Short-term "market-timers" that engage in frequent purchases and redemptions can disrupt the Fund's investment program and create additional transaction costs that are borne by all of the Fund's shareholders. For these reasons, the Fund will assess a 1.00% fee on the redemption of Fund shares held less than 90 days from purchase. The Fund uses the "first in first out" ("FIFO") method to determine the holding period; this means that if you purchase shares on different days, the shares you held longest will be redeemed first for purposes of determining whether the short-term trading fee applies. The redemption fee is deducted from your proceeds and is retained by the Fund for the benefit of its long-term shareholders.

This fee does not apply to:

- (1) Shares purchased through reinvested dividends or capital gains;
- (2) Fund redemptions under the Fund's SWP;
- (3) The redemption of shares previously purchased under an AIP;
- (4) The involuntary redemption of low balance accounts;

(5) Sales of Fund shares made in connection with non-discretionary portfolio rebalancing associated with certain asset-allocation programs managed by fee-based investment advisors, certain wrap accounts, and certain retirement plans;

(6) Minimum required distributions from retirement accounts;

(7) Premature distributions from retirement accounts due to the disability or health of the shareholder;

(8) Redemptions resulting in the settlement of an estate due to the death of the shareholder;

(9) Conversion of shares from one share class to another in the same Fund;

(10) Taking out a distribution or loan from a defined contribution plan;

(11) Redemptions to effect, through a redemption and subsequent purchase, an account registration change within the same Fund; or

(12) Redemptions in connection with charitable investment pool accounts.

The Fund reserves the right to change the terms and amount of this fee upon at least 60-day notice to shareholders.

Although the Fund has the goal of applying this redemption fee to most redemptions of shares held less than 90 days, the Fund may not always be able to track short-term trading effected through Financial Intermediaries in non-disclosed or omnibus accounts. While the Fund has entered into information sharing agreements with such Financial Intermediaries as described under "Tools to Combat Frequent Transactions," which contractually require such Financial Intermediaries to provide the Fund with information relating to its customers investing in the Fund through non-disclosed or omnibus accounts, the Fund cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information provided to it from Financial Intermediaries and may not always be able to track short-term trading effected through these Financial Intermediaries. In addition, because the Fund is required to rely on information provided by the Financial Intermediary as to the applicable redemption fee, the Fund cannot ensure that the Financial Intermediary is always imposing such fee on the underlying shareholder in accordance with the Fund's policies.

Tools to Combat Frequent Transactions. The Board has adopted a policy regarding excessive trading. The Fund discourages excessive, short-term trading and other abusive trading practices that may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm performance. The Fund takes steps to reduce the frequency and effect of these activities in the Fund. These steps may include, among other things, monitoring trading activity, imposing redemption fees, if necessary, or using fair value pricing when appropriate, under procedures as adopted by the Advisor, when the Advisor determines current market prices are not readily available. As approved by the Board, these techniques may change from time to time as determined by the Fund in its sole discretion.

In an effort to discourage abusive trading practices and minimize harm to the Fund and its shareholders, the Fund reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any purchase order request, in whole or in part, for any reason (including, without limitation, purchases by persons whose trading activity in the Fund's shares is believed by the Advisor to be harmful to the Fund) and without prior notice. The Fund may decide to restrict purchase and sale activity in its shares based on various factors, including whether frequent purchase and sale activity will disrupt portfolio management strategies and adversely affect the Fund's performance or whether the shareholder has conducted four round trip transactions within a 12-month period. Although these efforts are designed to discourage abusive trading practices, these tools cannot eliminate the possibility that such activity will occur. The Fund seeks to exercise its judgment in implementing these tools to the best of its ability in a manner that it believes is consistent with shareholder interests. Except as noted in this Prospectus, the Fund applies all restrictions uniformly in all applicable cases.

Due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in identifying abusive trading activity and the volume of shareholder transactions the Fund handles, there can be no assurance that the Fund's efforts will identify all trades or trading practices that may be considered abusive. In particular, since the Fund receives purchase and sale orders through Financial Intermediaries that use group or omnibus accounts, the Fund cannot always detect frequent trading. However, the Fund will work with Financial Intermediaries as necessary to discourage shareholders from engaging in abusive trading practices and to impose restrictions on excessive trades. In this regard, the Fund has entered into information sharing agreements with Financial Intermediaries pursuant to which these intermediaries are required to provide to the Fund, at its request, certain information relating to its customers investing in the Fund through non-disclosed or omnibus accounts. The Fund will use this information to attempt to identify abusive trading practices. Financial Intermediaries are contractually required to follow any instructions from the Fund to restrict or

prohibit future purchases from shareholders that are found to have engaged in abusive trading in violation of the Fund's policies. However, the Fund cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information provided to it from Financial Intermediaries and cannot ensure that they will always be able to detect abusive trading practices that occur through non-disclosed and omnibus accounts. As a consequence, the Fund's ability to monitor and discourage abusive trading practices in omnibus accounts may be limited.

Proceeds. The Fund typically sends redemption proceeds on the next business day (a day when the NYSE is open for normal business) after a redemption request is received in good order and prior to market close, regardless of whether the redemption proceeds are sent via check, wire, or automated clearing house ("ACH") transfer. Under unusual circumstances, the Fund may suspend redemptions or postpone payment for up to seven days as permitted by federal securities law.

The Fund typically expects that it will use cash or cash equivalents to meet redemption requests. The Fund may also use the proceeds from the sale of portfolio securities to meet redemption requests if consistent with the management of the Fund. In situations in which investment holdings in cash or cash equivalents are not sufficient to meet redemption requests, the proceeds from the sale of portfolio securities is not sufficient to meet redemption requests, or when shareholders may be adversely impacted by short-term timing issues associated with the conversion of cash equivalents or securities into cash, the Fund will typically borrow money through its line of credit to meet redemption requests. These redemption methods will be used regularly and may also be used in stressed market conditions.

The Fund reserves the right to pay redemption proceeds to you in whole or in part through a redemption in-kind as described under "Redemption In-Kind" below. Redemptions in-kind are typically used in order to minimize the effects of satisfying redemptions in cash on the Fund and its remaining shareholders. Redemptions in-kind may be used regularly and may also be used in stressed market conditions.

If elected on your account application, you may have the proceeds of the redemption request sent by check to your address of record, by wire to a pre-determined bank, or by electronic funds transfer via the ACH network to the bank account designated by you on your fund account application. The minimum wire amount is \$500 and there is a \$15 fee for each wire transfer. When proceeds are sent via the ACH network, the funds are usually available in two to three business days.

Suspension of Redemptions. The Fund may temporarily suspend the right to redeem shares or postpone the date of payment upon redemption for more than seven days (1) for any period during which the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend or holiday closings) or trading on the NYSE is restricted; (2) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which disposal by the Fund of securities owned by it is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable for the Fund fairly to determine the value of its net assets; or (3) for such other periods as the SEC may permit for the protection of the Fund's shareholders.

Signature Guarantees. The Transfer Agent may require a signature guarantee, from either a Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member, for certain requests. A signature guarantee assures that your signature is genuine and protects you from unauthorized transactions. A signature guarantee of each owner is required in the following situations:

- For all redemption requests in excess of \$50,000;
- When a redemption is received by the Transfer Agent and the account address has changed within the last 30 calendar days;
- When requesting a change in ownership on your account;
- When redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address, or bank account not on record.

In addition to the situations described above, the Advisor and/or the Transfer Agent may require a signature guarantee in other instances based on the circumstances relative to the particular situation. Signature guarantees will generally be accepted from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions,

national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies, and savings associations, as well as from participants in the NYSE Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program ("STAMP"). The Advisor can waive the need for signature guarantees from time to time. A notary public is not an acceptable signature guaranter.

Non-financial transactions including establishing or modifying certain services on an account may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source.

Customer Identification Program. Please note that, in compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, the Transfer Agent will verify certain information on your account application as part of the Fund's Anti-Money Laundering Program. As requested on the Account Application, you must supply your full name, date of birth, social security number, and permanent street address. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (*e.g.*, partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you must also supply the identity of the beneficial owners. Mailing addresses containing only a P.O. Box will not be accepted. If you do not supply the necessary information, the Transfer Agent may not be able to open your account. Please contact the Transfer Agent at 1-800-501-1792 if you need additional assistance when completing your application. If the Transfer Agent is unable to verify your identity or that of another person authorized to act on your behalf, or if it believes it has identified potentially criminal activity, the Fund reserves the right to temporarily limit additional share purchases, close your account and redeem your shares, or take any other action it deems reasonable or required by law. In the rare event that the Transfer Agent is unable to verify your identity to redeem your account at the current day's net asset value.

No Certificates. The Fund does not issue share certificates.

Right to Reject Purchases. The Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase in whole or in part.

In-Kind Purchases. The Fund reserves the right to accept in-kind contributions of securities in exchange for shares of the Fund.

Redemption In-Kind. The Fund reserves the right to pay redemption proceeds to you in whole or in part by a distribution of securities from the Fund's portfolio (a "redemption in-kind"). If the Fund pays your redemption proceeds by a distribution of securities, you could incur brokerage or other charges in converting the securities to cash and will bear any market risks associated with such securities until they are converted into cash. A redemption in-kind is treated as a taxable transaction and a sale of the redeemed shares, generally resulting in capital gain or loss to you, subject to certain loss limitation rules.

Small Balance Accounts. The Fund reserves the right to redeem an account if the total value of the account falls below \$500 for Retail and Institutional Class shares and due to redemptions. Additionally, the Fund reserves the right to redeem an account if an investor no longer meets the conditions of an "Eligible Investor" as described in the section entitled "SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION - Description of Classes" in this Prospectus. You will be given 30 days prior written notice of this redemption. During that period, you may purchase additional shares to avoid the redemption.

Householding. In an effort to decrease costs, the Fund will reduce the number of duplicate prospectuses, supplements, proxy statements, and certain other documents you receive by sending only one copy of each to those addresses shown by two or more accounts. Please call the Transfer Agent toll-free at 1-800-501-1792 to request individual copies of documents; if your shares are held through a Financial Intermediary, please contact your Financial Intermediary directly. The Fund will begin sending individual copies 30 days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

Unclaimed Property/Lost Shareholder. It is important that the Fund maintain a correct address for each investor. An incorrect address may cause an investor's account statements and other mailings to be

returned to the Fund. Based upon statutory requirements for returned mail, the Fund will attempt to locate the investor or rightful owner of the account. If the Fund is unable to locate the investor, then it will determine whether the investor's account can legally be considered abandoned. Your mutual fund account may be transferred to your state of residence if no activity occurs within your account during the "inactivity period" specified in your state's abandoned property laws. The Fund is legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state's unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The investor's last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Please proactively contact the Transfer Agent toll-free at 1-800-501-1792 at least annually to ensure your account remains in active status.

If you are a resident of the state of Texas, you may designate a representative to receive notifications that, due to inactivity, your mutual fund account assets may be delivered to the Texas Comptroller. Please contact the Transfer Agent if you wish to complete a Texas Designation of Representative form.

DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends from net investment income and distributions from net capital gains from the sale of securities are distributed at least annually. Net investment income generally consists of interest income and dividends received on investments, less expenses.

The Fund typically distributes any undistributed net investment income each December. Any net capital gains realized through the period ended October 31 of each year also are typically distributed by December 31 of each year. The Fund may make an additional payment of dividends or distributions if it deems it desirable at other times during the year.

All distributions will be reinvested in Fund shares unless you choose one of the following options:

- Receive dividends in cash, while reinvesting capital gain distributions in additional Fund shares;
- Reinvest dividends in additional Fund shares and receive capital gain distributions in cash; or
- Receive all dividends and capital gain distributions in cash.

Distributions are taxable to you whether received in cash or in additional shares. If you wish to change your distribution option, call the Transfer Agent at 1-800-501-1792 or write to the Transfer Agent at: Pabrai Wagons Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701. Your request must be received at least five days prior to the payment date of the distribution. If you elect to receive dividends and/or capital gains paid in cash, and the U.S. Postal Service cannot deliver your check, or if a check remains uncashed for six months, the Fund reserves the right to reinvest the distribution check in your account at the Fund's then current NAV and to reinvest all subsequent distributions.

Tax Consequences

The Fund has elected and intends to continue to qualify to be taxed as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Code. As a regulated investment company, the Fund will not be subject to federal income tax if it adequately diversifies its investments, distributes its income as required by the tax law, and satisfies certain other requirements that are described in the Fund's SAI. The Fund intends to operate in a manner such that it will not be liable for federal income or excise taxes on its taxable income and capital gains distributed to shareholders.

The Fund intends to make distributions of dividends and capital gains. In general, Fund dividends are taxable to shareholders as ordinary income or qualified dividend income. The federal income tax rate you pay on capital gain distributions will depend on how long the Fund held the securities that generated the gains, not on how long you owned your Fund shares. There is no requirement that the Fund take into consideration any tax implications when implementing its investment strategy. You will be taxed in the

same manner whether you receive your dividends and capital gain distributions in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Qualified dividend income, the amount of which will be reported to you by the Fund, currently is taxed at a maximum federal rate of 20%. Shareholders should note that the Fund may make taxable distributions of income and capital gains even when share values have declined.

Dividends declared by the Fund in October, November, or December to shareholders of record on a specified date in such a month and paid during January of the following year will be treated as paid in December for tax purposes.

For taxable years beginning after 2017 and before 2025, non-corporate taxpayers generally may deduct 20% of "qualified business income" derived either directly or through partnerships or S corporations. For this purpose, "qualified business income" generally includes ordinary real estate investment trust ("REIT") dividends and income derived from master limited partnership ("MLP") investments. If the Fund receives a REIT dividend which is treated as "qualified business income," then the Fund may pay a dividend to its non-corporate shareholders that will be treated as "qualified business income," provided certain holding period and other requirements are satisfied by the shareholder. Although there is currently no mechanism for the Fund, to the extent the Fund invests in MLPs, to pass through "qualified business income" to its non-corporate shareholders, the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") has requested comments on similar tax treatment for MLP income received by a regulated investment company.

All distributions generally reduce the NAV of the Fund's shares by the amount of the distribution. If you purchase shares prior to a distribution, the distribution will be taxable to you even though economically it may represent a partial return of your investment.

The sale of your Fund shares is considered a taxable event for you. Depending on the purchase and sale price of the shares you sell, and your adjusted tax basis at the time of such sale, you may have a taxable gain or a loss on the transaction. Distributions of dividends and capital gains on the sale of your shares in the Fund are generally included in net investment income, which is subject to a 3.8% federal surtax for taxpayers in the higher federal income tax brackets. You are responsible for any tax liabilities generated by your transaction.

By law, the Fund must withhold as backup withholding a percentage (currently 24%) of your taxable distributions and redemption proceeds if you do not provide your correct Social Security or taxpayer identification number and certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, the IRS notifies you that you are subject to backup withholding, or the IRS instructs the Fund to do so.

An investment in the Fund may be subject to foreign, state, and/or local tax. The Fund's SAI provides additional information about taxes. You should consult your professional tax advisor regarding the federal, state, local, and foreign tax consequences of an investment in the Fund based on your circumstances.

SHAREHOLDER DERIVATIVE ACTIONS

The governing instruments of the Fund state that shareholders have power to the same extent as the stockholders of a Massachusetts business corporation as to whether or not a court action, proceeding or claim should or should not be brought or maintained derivatively or as a class action on behalf of the Trust or the shareholders.

The Trust's Declaration of Trust provides that the Business Litigation Section of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts sitting in Suffolk County, Massachusetts shall be the exclusive forum in which certain types of litigation may be brought. Any person purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in shares of beneficial interest of the Trust shall be (i) deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this provision, and (ii) deemed to have waived any argument relating to the inconvenience of the judicial forum referenced above in connection with any action or proceeding described in provision. This provision does not apply to federal security law claims.

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The S&P 500[®] Index is a market-value weighted index representing the performance of 500 widely held, publicly traded large capitalization stocks.

Direct investment in an index is not possible.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Highlights are not available at this time, because the Fund had not commenced investment operations prior to the date of this Prospectus.

PRIVACY NOTICE

The Fund collects non-public personal information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive about you on applications or other forms,
- Information you give us verbally, and/or
- Information about your transactions with us or others.

We do not disclose any non-public personal information about our shareholders or former shareholders without the shareholder's authorization, except as permitted by law or in response to inquiries from governmental authorities. We may share information with affiliated parties and unaffiliated third parties with whom we have contracts for servicing the Fund. We will provide unaffiliated third parties with only the information necessary to carry out their assigned responsibilities. All shareholder records will be disposed of in accordance with applicable law. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect your non-public personal information and require third parties to treat your non-public personal information with the same high degree of confidentiality.

In the event that you hold shares of the Fund through a financial intermediary, including, but not limited to, a broker-dealer, bank, or trust company, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary would govern how your non-public personal information would be shared with unaffiliated third parties.

PABRAI WAGONS FUND

You can find more information about the Fund in the following documents:

Statement of Additional Information ("SAI")

The Fund's SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Fund and certain other additional information. The current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. It is legally considered a part of this Prospectus.

Annual and Semi-Annual Reports

As of the date of this Prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports for the Fund are not yet available as this Fund had not commenced operations. Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to shareholders. The Fund's Annual Report contains a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during the Fund's last fiscal year.

You can obtain a free copy of the SAI and the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to shareholders, request other information, or make general inquiries about the Fund by contacting the Fund at:

Pabrai Wagons Fund c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services P.O. Box 701 Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701 1-800-501-1792 www.wagonsfund.com

Shareholder reports and other information about the Fund (including the SAI) are also available:

- Free of charge from the Fund's website at www.wagonsfund.com;
- Free of charge from the SEC's EDGAR database on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov; or
- For a fee, by email request to publicinfo@sec.gov.

(The Trust's SEC Investment Company Act file number is 811-05037.)